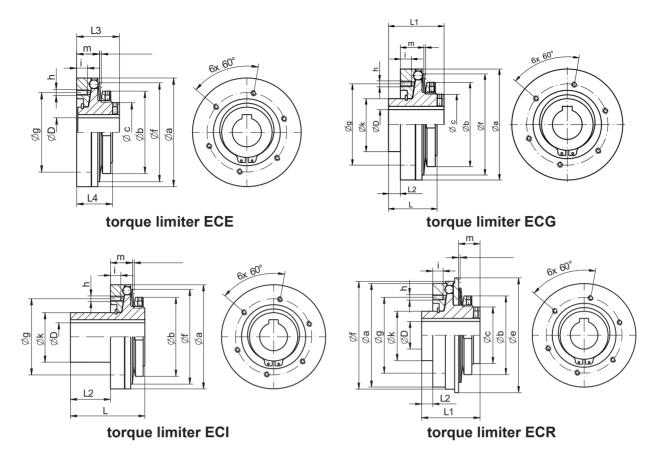
Operating instructions torque limiters ECE, ECG, ECI, ECR, ECH

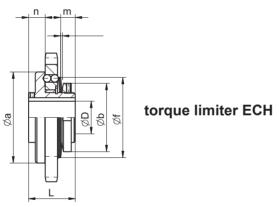


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1. Assembly drawings





ENEMAC torque limiters ARE NO safety devices to protect persons from movable parts!

2. Construction and function

2.1 Construction

The torque limiter is a mechanical device consisting of only a few components. A calotte ring in which the balls are placed, a plate spring, as well as the hub.

2.2 Function

During normal operation of the machine, the balls are pressed into the recesses of the flange ring by the disc spring and thus transfers clearance-free the force or torque from the hub onto the flange ring and vice versa. In case of an overload, the hub distorts against the flange ring and pushes the balls from their indentations against the disc spring - the torque limiter ratchets over - (1 x per revolution as standard) and actuates the proximity switch which has to cut off the drive immediately.

The torque limiter is only designed for short-term clicks! After the disruption has been eliminated, the torque limiter gets turned - at low speed or by hand - (no direction of rotation) and automatically locks in the synchronous position (audible). It is now ready for operation, the adjusted torque active again.

3. Torque limiter design

3.1 Choosing the right torque limiter

3.1.1 Dimensioning of the torque limiter

The disengagement torque T_A of the torque limiter should be set as low as possible in order to effectively limit the overload on the machine. At the same time the maximum torque needs to have an adequate safety factor, which is needed for an immaculate operation of the machine (e. g. high acceleration moments, load peaks during the working cycle).

If you've got problems choosing the right torque limiter, use our coupling configurater on: http://www.enemac.de/en/torque-limiters/product-compass/

3.2 Interpretation of the torque

Caclulating the torque [Nm] operating on the torque limiter according to the known formula:

$$T_{K}(Nm) = \frac{9550 \times P \times K(kW)}{n \text{ (min}^{-1)}}$$

Explanation:

P = motor power

n = engine speed

K = coefficient of impact

 T_{κ} = moment of the torque limiter

T_A = disengagement torque

Obtaining for the disengagement torque T_a:

$$T_A > T_K$$

For the torque limiter, which is selected according to the setting range of $T_{A_{,}}$ the shaft diameter range Dmin / Dmax has to be compared with the shaft diameter on the machine.

3.3 Dimensioning of th bore size

The fitting between hub and the shaft has to be selected as sliding seat (eg H7 / j6 or G7 / k6). The bore of the hub has an H7 fit as standard. Keyways according to DIN 6885 page 1.

4. Adjustment of the disengagement torque

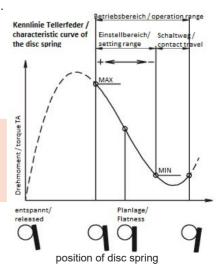
ATTENTION! The characteristic curve of the disc spring is declining in the setting range.

This means that <u>contrary to the usual habit</u> when rotating the adjusting nut...

clockwise => TA decreases anti-clockwise => TA increases

(See directional arrows on the clamping ring or the adjusting nut)

Torque limiters are pre-set to approx. 70% of the maximum torque when assembled by the manufacturer.



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5. Preparation of mounting and adjustment

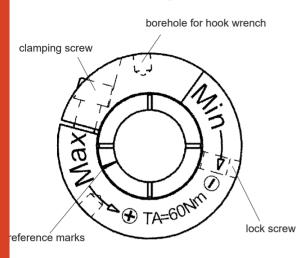
Unscrew the locking screw completely, turn the adjusting nut with the hook wrench (observe the reference mark). Secure the adjusting nut by twisting the locking screw and possibly by bending it against twisting after the adjustment. The ,K' version is an exception, they are fixed on the disc by means of a stop collar.

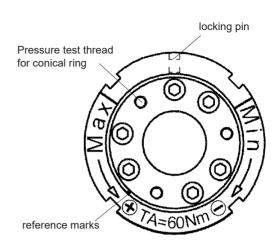
The actual TA can only be measured correctly if:

- · The clutch is assembled with a belt pulley or adapter flange, or
- The installation state is simulated by a measuring device

clamping hub

keyway and conical hub





6. Preventive measures

Before assembly, it is important to ensure that the characteristics and specifications of the coupling are appropriate and suitable for the intended use. Sufficient space for installation and future maintenance has to be provided. Make sure that the device can not cause dangerous situations for people and / or property and always work under current safety regulations.

With regard to the current machinery directive, our products are no machines. Therefore, the operation is subject to all requirements of the machine in which the device is installed. If the instructions are carried out incorrectly, this will release the manufacturer from any liability.

ENEMAC torque limiters are mechanical components and endproducts against damage in case of a sudden overload during normal use.

The maximum speeds specified in the technical data refer only to the respective torque limiter. If drive elements are being installed which permit lower speed, of course the lowest speed indication is decisive (eg the maximum permissible chain speed).

For questions which can't be answered by this manual, or for special applications, please always contact EN-EMAC GmbH.

CAUTION!

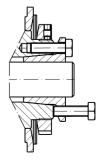
It is dangerous:

- to use the product differently than in the intended way.
- to use the product at higher requirements than intended
- to manipulate on the product on your own
- to assemble the product with non-original-parts

7. Mounting and demounting

7.1 Torque limiters with conical bushing

When mounting, tighten the screws of the conical bushing uniformly crosswise to avoid canting.



When disassembling, loosen the fastening screws and detach the conical bushing from the hub using the three pressure-test threadings, as shown in the figure.

7.2 Torque limiters with keyway

The fitting between hub and shaft has to be chosen as sliding seat, e. g. H7/j6 or G7/k6. Keyways according to DIN DIN 6885 sheet 1.

8. Fitting of the assembly parts

As shown in the installation examples in the catalog, the drive element (eg toothed belt pulley) is simply screwed onto the coupling. The torque is transferred forcefitting.

The bearing clearance of the plain bearing from sprocket or pulley must be ≤ 0.03 mm.

8.1 Assemblies on type ECE

Torque limiter and belt pulley must be centered on the shaft and may not be centered with each other by fitting.

The belt pulley must have its own sliding bearing on the shaft which supports the tensile force of the belt. The torque limiter can not absorb this force.

An adapter flange also allows the attachment of small pulleys or chain wheels.

8.2 Assemblies on type ECG, ECI, ECR

The drive element is centered and supported directly on the bearing point of the torque limiter. In order to have a lower sliding speed in case of an overload, the plain bearing is installed in the drive element (does not belong to scope of delivery from ENEMAC).

9. Supplyment of disc springs as spare parts

Generally, our torque limiters have to be returned to our factory for repair or reconstruction. Only for torque limiters which have been rebuilt or repaired by ENEMAC, a functional guarantee can be applied.

Disc springs may only be delivered as a spare part if a return of the relevant torque limiter is not possible and the customer explicitly rejects the delivery of an exchange torque limiter.

In this case, our warranty deed expires!

10. Further informations

Safety shutdown

In case of an overload, the drive must be switched off immediately. Normally, the switch plate activates a proximity switch, which is arranged in axial direction (see installation instructions in the catalog) and directly interrupts the circuit of the motor. The couplings are designed for 250 overload shutdowns.

Installation on vertical axes

Please note that the EC torque limiter in standard version only applies a small residual moment after disengagement, which is normally NOT sufficient to prevent the machine axis from sliding. A special version is necessary for this!

11. Maintenance

Maintenance work on the torque limiter is required to restore the disengagement torque of the coupling, as the discs will fade with frequent stress. To do this, adjust the adjusting nut by turning it. (See point 4 of the operating instructions)

Repairs may only be carried out by ENEMAC, or the guarantee will expire!

12. Supplements

12.1 Warranty

The warranty period is 12 months starting with date of delivery when used in the intended one-shift operation, or max. 250 shutdowns. The warranty does not cover damage caused by improper operation. Any warranty claims are determined by repair or intervention, carried out by unauthorized persons and the use of utilities and spare parts, which aren't matching our torque limiters.

12.2 Safety regulations

Regardless of the instructions listed in this manual, the (German) statutory safety and accident prevention regulations are valid. Any person who is responsible for the operation, maintenance and repair of the torque limiter must have read and understood the operating instructions before commissioning. Repairer of the torque limiters are basically responsible for workplace safety. Following all valid safety and regulatory instructions is an requirement to prevent damages to persons and the product during maintenance and repair work. Proper repair of ENEMAC products assumes accordingly trained staff. The duty of training is up to the operator or repairer. It is to ensure that the operator and future repairer are properly trained for the product.

12.3 Copy right

This operating instructions manual is copyrighted property of ENEMAC. It is only delivered to our customers and users of our products and is supplied with the torque limiter. Without our explicit approval these documents mustn't be reproduced nor made available to third persons in particular competitive companies.

12.4 Spare parts

Only spare parts, which correspond to the requierements specified by ENEMAC or supplier are allowed. This is always guaranteed with original spare parts. Improper repairs, as well as incorrect spare parts lead to the exclusion of product liability or warranty. When ordering spare parts it is essential to specify type, size and the identification number of the torque limiter to avoid incorrect deliveries.

12.5 Proviso

We reserve the right for technical changes. Changes, errors and misprints shall not justify any titles of indemnity.

attachment: data-sheet